# Level 8 GMTA Theory Test Sample A

Date		
Local Association		
	Date	

## Aural

А.	Circle the interval that you hear										
1.	M2	m2	<b>M3</b>	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>
2.	M2	m2	<b>M3</b>	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>
3.	M2	m2	<b>M3</b>	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>
4.	M2	m2	<b>M3</b>	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>
5.	M2	m2	M3	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>
6.	M2	m2	M3	m3	P4	P5	<b>M6</b>	m6	<b>M7</b>	m7	<b>P8</b>

#### **B.** Circle the cadence that you hear

lf
lf

- 2. Authentic Half
- 3. Authentic Half

#### C. Circle the interval you hear

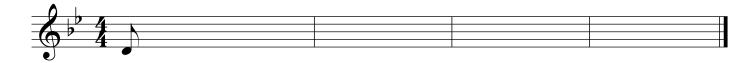
- 1. Half Step Whole Step
- 2. Half Step Whole Step
- 3. Half Step Whole Step
- 4. Half Step Whole Step

### **D.** Circle the scale that you hear

1.	Major	Harmonic Minor	<b>Melodic Minor</b>	Chromatic
2.	Major	Harmonic Minor	<b>Melodic Minor</b>	Chromatic
3.	Major	Harmonic Minor	<b>Melodic Minor</b>	Chromatic
4.	Major	Harmonic Minor	<b>Melodic Minor</b>	Chromatic
E.	Circle the	chord that you hear		
1.	Major	Minor	Diminished	Augmented
2.	Major	Minor	Diminished	Augmented
3.	Major	Minor	Diminished	Augmented
4.	Major	Minor	Diminished	Augmented

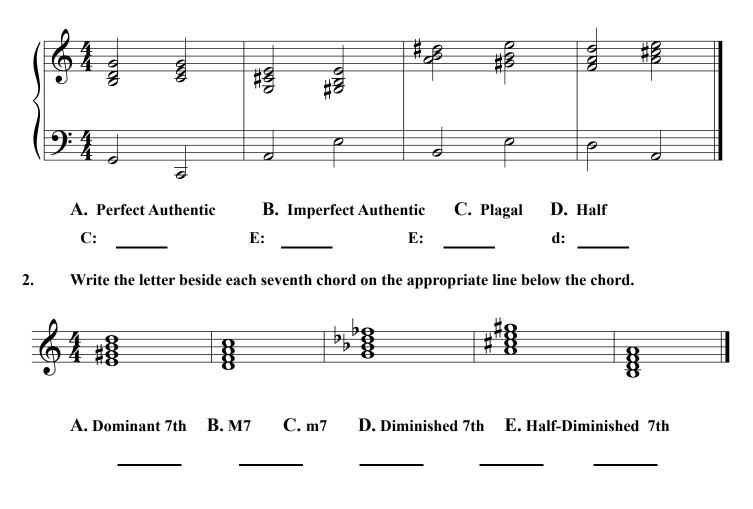
Student Name\_\_\_\_\_

#### F. Complete the melody you hear



### Written

1. Write the letter beside each cadence on the appropriate line below the cadence.

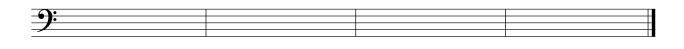


**3.** Draw the Relative Harmonic Minor of the Gb Major scale, ascending only, using accidentals.

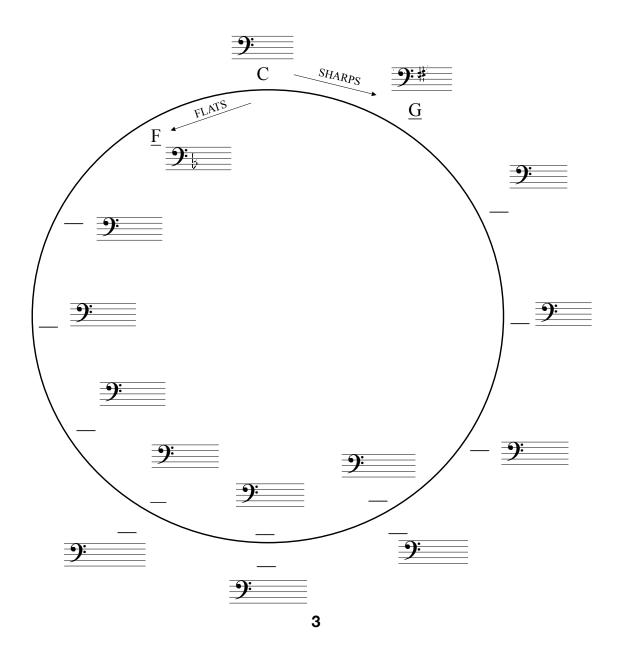


Student Name \_\_\_\_\_

4. Draw the key signatures of the Major keys below. Then name the Parallel Minor of each Major key and draw its key signature.



5. Name the major keys and draw the key signatures on the Circle of Fifths



Student Name \_\_\_\_\_

### 6. Transpose the following cadences down a minor third using <u>accidentals</u>.



#### 7. Name the scale degrees.

First	Second	
Third	Fourth	
Fifth	Sixth	
Seventh		

#### 8. Match the following terms and definitions.

1. Tritone	Shifting between two groups of three beats and three groups of two beats
2. Sonata-Allegro Form	In a playful and humorous manner
3. Senza	Half step using two letter names
4. Sempre	Augmented 4th or diminished 5th interval
5. Con	First movement of a sonata that includes an exposition, development and recapitulation
6. Diatonic Half Step	Without
7. Hemiola	A half step with two notes that use the same letter name
8. Recapitulation	Always
9. Scherzo	Restatement of themes in a sonata or sonatina
10. Chromatic Half Step	With